Reference/Docket No: 0861 USSN: 09/683,861

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

RECEIVED CENTRAL FAX CENTER

FEB 2 2 2010

1-58. (Cancelled)

59. (Previously Presented) A method of controllably localizing particles at specific locations on a substrate, each specific location proximal to an individually addressable force transducing element, the method comprising:

providing a plurality of particles proximal to the substrate;

providing a substantially uniform magnetic field of low power consumption that

encompasses the specific locations and the particles;

selecting one or more force transducing elements to be activated; and

controllably localizing one or more particles to the specific locations by activating

the selected force transducing elements to transduce a motive force to one

or more particles proximal to the corresponding specific location, wherein

the magnitude of the transduced force is substantially altered by the

presence of the uniform field; and

detecting, at one or more of the activated locations, the number of particles

60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the uniform field comprises a field from a permanent magnet.

attracted to the location.

- 61. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the uniform field includes a timevarying component.
- 62. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising regulating a passage of electromagnetic radiation by controlling the positioning of one or more of the particles.

Reference/Docket No: 0861 USSN: 09/683.861

- 63. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the uniform field is produced by a portable device.
- 64. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising the step of regulating the uniform field or force transducing element to reduce contact between the particles.
- 65. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising a step of regulating clumping of the particles using a method that is selected from the group consisting of: applying vibrations, applying electrical fields, incorporating charges within the particles, applying magnetic fields, and adjusting fluid flow to reduce contact between the particles.
- 66. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the particles are selected to comprise one or more discrete groups, and wherein each group has at least one substantially similar physical characteristic that affects localization of the group.
- 67. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 66, wherein at least one of the groups comprises particles of substantially similar size or effective radius.
- 68. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 66, wherein at least one of the groups comprises particles selected to comprise a substantially uniform shape.
- 69. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising the step of controllably moving at least one of the particles from a first preferred location to a second preferred location by activation of the force transducing elements.
- 70. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 69, further comprising sensing localization of the particle proximal to a preferred location.

Reference/Docket No: 0861 USSN: 09/683.861

71. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising: releasing one or more of the particles from the corresponding specific locations; and

recovering the one or more released particles from the substrate.

- 72. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the force transducing elements generate a magnetic field, and the particles are magnetically active.
- 73. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 72, wherein the magnetically active particles include one or more discrete groups that are distinguishable on the basis of physical properties that affect their localization with respect to properties that are selected from the group of properties consisting of: magnetic field strength, time-bearing magnetic fields, viscosity of surrounding fluid, resistance of surrounding fluid, density, mass, inertia, size, geometric shape, and effective radius.

74-75. (Cancelled)

- 76. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 69, wherein the first preferred location and the second preferred location controllably exchange one particle.
- 77. (Cancelled)
- 78. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 70, further comprising using a microfabricated sensor for sensing localization.
- 79. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the specific location includes a crater formed in said substrate proximal the force transducing element.

.Feb 22·10 08:54p . 650 917 9095 p.6

Reference/Docket No: 0861 USSN: 09/683,861

80. (Currently amended) The method of claim 79, wherein the particles include magnetized

beads, and wherein the step of detecting includes detecting inductance changes in one or more

conducting coils proximal the crater, the inductance changes caused by the particles entering the

crater.

81. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 79, wherein the particles are each substantially

commensurate in shape and dimension as the crater.

82. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 79, wherein the particles include magnetic or

magnetizable micro-beads.

83. (Previously presented) The method of claim 79, wherein the sample particles comprise a

plurality of lid particles, each of sufficient size to substantially close an opening of the crater.

84. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 79, wherein the particles move a substantial

distance, the distance being sufficient to exceed a radius of the respective particle.

85. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein one or more of the force

transducing elements generate a magnetic field.

86. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, wherein the localized particles comprise

magnetically active particles.

87. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 86, further comprising applying the

substantially uniform magnetic field to a portion of the substrate to increase the force on or

between the magnetically active particles.

5

Feb 22 10 08:54p . 650 917 9095 p.7

Reference/Docket No: 0861 USSN: 09/683,861

88. (Currently amended) The method of claim 59, wherein the step of detecting further

eomprises comprising detecting with a sensing element that is selected from the group consisting

of: a pH sensor, an optical sensor, a radiation sensor, a magnetic induction sensor, a temperature

sensor and a pressure sensor.

89. (Currently amended) The method of claim 59, wherein the step of detecting further

eemprises comprising detecting with a sensing element that has a position relative to the specific

locations selected from a group of positions consisting of: under the specific locations, adjacent

to the specific locations, surrounding the specific locations, above the specific locations, between

the specific locations, operably connected to the specific location by a signal-routing conduit,

and combinations thereof.

90. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising controllably repelling at

least one of the particles from at least one of the specific locations.

91. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising localizing a

predetermined number of particles to a predetermined one of the specific locations.

92. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising regulating the number of

particles at a location by repelling additional particles from that location.

93. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 59, further comprising jointly controlling a

plurality of the force transducing elements to pass a predetermined number of the particles

between two adjacent locations.

94. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 93, wherein the particles comprise magnetically

active particles and the force transducing element generates a magnetic field that transduces

force to at least some of the magnetically active particles.